# Institute of Social & Cultural Studies Faculty of Behavioral & Social Sciences University of the Punjab, Lahore Course Outline



Programme	BS Criminology	Course Code	BSC105	Credit Hours	3
<b>Course Title</b>	Introduction to Criminology				

## **Learning outcomes**

After studying this course students will be enable to understand;

- i. basic concepts, theories and methodologies used in the discipline
- ii. significant concepts like crime, criminal behavior and crime statistics.
- iii. the foundations of criminology

### **Content**

### **Unit 1.: Introduction**

- Social construction of crimes and Criminals
- Types of criminal and crimes
- o Law and crime
- o Deviancy
- o Sin
- o Vice
- o Crime and social organization
- o Crime as a social problem
- o Criminology and its scope
- o Criminology and criminal law

## Unit 2.: Approaches to criminal behaviour

- Biological factors
- Environmental factors
- Psychological and psychiatric determinants
- Sociological approaches
- Economic approaches
- Islamic perspective

## **Unit 3.: Crime and criminals**

## Types of crime

- Crime against person
- Crime against property
- Crime against state
- Victimless crime

- Organized crime
- White collar crime
- Corporate crime

# **Unit 4.: Types of criminals**

- The occasional criminals
- The habitual criminals
- The professional criminals

### **Unit 5.: Detection of crimes**

- o Agencies of crime detection
- o Techniques of detection
- o Problems of detection

# **Unit 6.: Forms of punishment**

- o Corporal punishment
- o Capital punishment
- o Imprisonment
- o Fine
- o Restitution
- o Probation
- o Parole
- o Exile

## **Unit 7.: Trial and conviction of offenders**

- o Agencies: formal and informal
- o Criminal courts: procedures and problems

## **Unit 8.: Prevention of crimes**

- o Long term measures
- o Short term measures

Assessment & Examination	Sr. No.	Elements	Weightage	Details .
	1	Midterm Assessment	35%	It take place at the mid-point of the Semester
	2	Formative Assessment	25%	It is continuous assessment. It includes classroom participation, attendance, assignments, presentations, homework, attitude and behavior, hands-on-activities, short tests, quizzes etc.

# Final 40% Assessment

It take place at the end of the semester. It is mostly in the form of test, but owing to the nature of the course the teacher may assess their students based on term paper, research proposal development, field work and report writing etc.

### **Recommended Books**

- 1. Walsh, Anthony. (2010). Introduction to Criminology: A Text/Reader
- 2. Siegel, Larry J. (2011). Criminology
- 3. Hagan, F. (2010). Introduction to Criminology, 7th Edition, Beverly Hills
- 4. Bloch, H. A. (1962). Crime and Society. New York: Random House.
- 5. Carey, H. (1978). An Introduction to Criminology. Englewood Cliffs, N. J.: Prentice Hall, Inc.
- 6.Fox, V. (1976). *Introduction to Criminology*. Englewood Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice Hall, Inc.
- 7. Hugh, D. B. (1984). *Introduction to Criminology*. Boston: Little Brown Company.
- 8.John, H. (1987). *Modern Criminology, Crime, Criminal Behaviour and its Control*. Singapore: McGraw-Hill Book Company.
- 9. Couklin, J. E. (1996). New Perspectives in Criminology. London: Allyn and Bacon.
- 10.Leonard, G. (1995). Criminology. London: Allyn and Bacon.
- 11. Stuart, H. and Dragon, M. (1996). Constitutive Criminology: Beyond

Postmodernism. London: Sage Publications.